

Holiday Hills Country Club
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LOCAL RULES:

Softspikes only (no exceptions)
90 degree rule for carts unless otherwise posted
Carts must remain at least 30 yards from greens
No more than 5 players per group
Each player must have their own set of clubs
No more than two riders per cart
Dress code – No tank tops or cutoff shorts

GUEST GREEN FEE RATES:

Weekend Green Fee including cart - \$ 40.00
Weekday Green Fee including cart - \$ 35.00
Weekend 9 holes including cart - \$ 23.00
Weekday 9 holes including cart - \$ 20.00
Junior Green Fee (17 and under) - \$ 10.00

HOLE BY HOLE HELPFUL TIPS FOR OUR GUESTS:

- Hole #1 – Out-of-bounds defined by white stakes right of fairway. Water Hazard width of fairway 60 yards short of the green. Very small green calls for an accurate approach shot. Long hitters are faced with a risk/reward decision on their very first shot of the day. A good drive will clear the water hazard and leave a very short approach, but this also brings the water and out-of bounds into play.
- Hole #2 – Fence behind the green is out-of bounds. One of the largest greens on the course demands the right club off the tee. If you miss the green, pitch shots are much easier from short of the green rather than long, as the green slopes quite a bit from back to front.
- Hole #3 – Out-of-bounds the length of hole on right defined by the fence. A drive to the adjacent fairway is a safe play and usually offers no trouble. There is a water hazard left of the fairway about 90 yards short of the green which does come into play on your second shot. A very small sloping green calls for an accurate approach. A putt from short of the pin generally is much easier than being long.
- Hole #4 – Rock wall fronting green is part of the hazard. (no free relief if inside the margin of the hazard) Plays slightly short of actual yardage because of the elevated teebox, and the usual prevailing wind behind. Be aware of the pin position as the two-tiered green calls for an accurate approach shot.
- Hole #5 - Drive should favor the left side of the fairway for the best approach to the green. Be careful not to go over the green on your approach. Severe slope behind green makes a very difficult up and down.
- Hole #6 – The best angle off the tee is to favor the left side of the fairway. For long hitters this will set up the best approach to the green for your second shot. The green is guarded on both sides by bunkers. Short is much better than long when chipping to this green. Water Hazards to the left and right of the fairway need an accurate layup.
- Hole #7 – Out-of-Bounds length of hole defined by fence on right. Water hazard about 70 yards short of the green calls for a layup off the tee. Be careful not to go over this green on approach as chip shots are difficult from the back.
- Hole #8 – Out-of-Bounds the length of hole on right defined by white line on cart path. Staying to the left side of the Fairway makes the hole play slightly longer, but is much safer. Long hitters can get home in two easily.
- Hole #9 – Difficult par 3. Locals jokingly call this hole the hardest Par 4 on the course. Out-of-Bounds defined by green fence right side and behind green. The green is the deepest on the course, so be aware of pin position.
- Hole #10 – Out-of-Bounds defined by white stakes left of hole. Regardless of pin position, a shot to the right front of this small green is best. Check flagpole left of tee-box for accurate wind direction.
- Hole #11 – Out-of-Bounds length of hole on right defined by fence. One of our most difficult Par 4's. The extreme slope of this green calls for an accurate approach shot below the hole. Over the green here is very difficult.
- Hole #12 – Long Par 3. Hard to see the green surface from the tee-box. The green is very small and somewhat flat, and you almost always have to get up and down here to save your par.
- Hole #13 – Accuracy off the tee here is crucial. Long hitters can get the ball somewhere down near the green but with all trees guarding the green, this is a risky play. Laying up to the 100 yard pole is never a bad option. Approach shots to the green tend to move to the left on the green.
- Hole #14 – The hole is wide open if you stay toward the right side of the fairway. Big hitters can drive the ball over the corner of the trees on the left. Green slopes and has two tiers, so be aware of pin position on your approach.
- Hole #15 – Out-of-Bounds length of hole on right defined by fence. The green is very deep so check pin position for an accurate approach. Out-of-Bounds fence just 5 yards behind this green, caution firing at a blue flag.
- Hole #16 – The tee shot here is very risk –vs- reward. You can bite off as much of the dogleg as you like. Clearing all the trees on the right will give you a shorter approach to a very small green. The tee shot is key on this hole.
- Hole #17 – This hole features the most trees of any hole on the course. An accurate tee shot is a must. All approach shots should favor being short of the pin, as chipping is difficult from behind this green. The green is very small, so any approach that stays on the green will give you a good look at birdie.
- Hole #18 – Out-of-Bounds length of hole on right defined by fence. Water hazard short of green left side of fairway can be reached off the tee by the longer hitters. The largest, most severe sloping green on the course, makes for an exciting finish.

